CLAIMS

- 1. A method of modeling and simulating a biological system comprising one or more tangible biological functional entities modeled by at least:
- 5 a morphological occurrence comprising at least a biochemical constituent that identifies the persistent properties of the biological functional entity, and at least a transformation representing the way in which that constituent behaves as a function of the space-time context;
 - a spatial occurrence representing at least a spatial characteristic of the biological functional entity; and
- temporal occurrence representing at least a
 temporal characteristic of the biological functional
 entity;
 which method simulates the behavior of said biological
 functional entities by recursively determining the effect
 on their functioning and on their behavior (their
 activities) of all changes affecting said occurrences,
 - 2. A method according to claim 1, wherein the temporal occurrence is selected from an age of the biological functional entity and a period during which that functional entity is active.

including transformations.

- 3. A method according to claim 1 or claim 2, wherein said biological constituent is selected from an organism, a tissue, a cell, an organite, and a molecule.
- 4. A method according to any preceding claim, wherein said transformation is selected from a cellular transformation and a molecular transformation.

5. A method according to any preceding claim, wherein said transformation is a molecular transformation

35

25

30

selected from:

5

20

- a covalent molecular transformation, itself selected from a covalent transformation of proteins corresponding to a post-traductional transformation or a co-traductional transformation, a covalent RNA transformation corresponding to RNA synthesis or maturation, and a covalent DNA transformation corresponding to DNA synthesis, damage or repair; and
- a non-covalent transformation itself selected from
 a hydrophobic transformation, a transformation caused by
 Van der Waals forces, electrostatic forces or attraction
 between an electronegative atom of one molecule and a
 hydrogen atom of another molecule, and a steric
 transformation caused by attraction between adjacent
 atoms.
 - 6 A method according to any preceding claim, wherein some of said function biological entities are included in a higher biological functional entity.
 - 7. A method according to any preceding claim, wherein at least some of said biological functional entities include lower biological functional entities.
- 25 8. A method according to any preceding claim, wherein at least some functional entities constitute the environment of at least some other functional entities with which they interact.
- 30 9 A method according to any preceding claim, wherein the biological system further comprises intangible biological functional entities modeled by temporal occurrences and where applicable spatial and morphological occurrences.
- 35 10. A method according to claim 9, wherein said intangible biological functional entities comprise biochemical reactions.

11. A model for implementing a method according to any preceding claim, the model comprising one or more tangible biological functional entities modeled by at least:

5

10

- a morphological occurrence comprising at least a biochemical constituent that identifies the biological functional entity, and at least a transformation representing the way in which that constituent behaves as a function of the space-time context;
- a spatial occurrence representing at least a spatial characteristic of the biological functional entity; and
- a temporal occurrence representing at least a temporal characteristic of the biological functional entity.